

### **CALFED Bay-Delta Program** Resource Categories and Assessment Variables For the Programmatic EIR/EIS Draft

1/29/97

#### I. PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

#### Surface-Water Hydrology A.

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Volume of flow

Related Information to be Measured

Rainfall

Snowmelt

Groundwater discharge

Direct runoff

Evapotranspiration from program features (soil moisture, vegetation [e.g., terrestrial, agricultural

crops, riparian, wetlands], open-water area)

Timing of flow

Seasonal weather pattern variation

#### B. Groundwater Hydrology

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Groundwater supply

Basin storage capacity Groundwater recharge Groundwater withdrawals

Conjunctive use supply

#### C. Riverine Hydraulics

### Important Changes to be Evaluated

Depth, width, and velocity

### Related Information to be Measured

Slope of water surface and channel bed Channel or floodplain roughness (resistance)

Water viscosity
Hydrographs
Channel geometry

Instream and bank erosion: channel loss; riparian loss (e.g., from channel migration, recreation, wind,

current); gravel loss; conveyance loss

Sediment movement Channel geomorphology

## D. Water Management Facilities and Operations

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Reservoir storage volumes, releases, and spills

Capacity Elevation Runoff

Flood control storage Diversion targets Instream targets

Instream flow targets, deficits, and surpluses

Instream targets

Runoff Storage

Diversion targets

Transport

Diversions/exports targets, deficits, and surpluses

Runoff

Diversion targets
Diversion limits
Reservoir storage
Groundwater pumping

Agricultural drainage volumes

Rainfall

Irrigation

Soils

Drainage facilities

Water Use Efficiency

Urban water use efficiency and conservation measures

Agriculture water use efficiency and conservation

measures

Diverted environmental water useefficiency and

conservation measures

Remaining opportunities for water management

Spills/surplus outflow

Unused conveyance Carryover storage

Urban stormwater drainage volumes

#### E. Bay-Delta Hydrodynamics

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Delta outflow

Delta inflows

Channel depletions

**Exports** 

X2 location

Outflow

Tidal mixing

Channel flows at key Delta locations

Delta inflows

Channel depletions

Exports

River diversions

Transport

Water entrainment in diversions/exports

Delta inflows

Channel depletions

Exports

River diversions

#### F. Flood Control System

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Hazards to the levee system

Overtopping failure (flood stage elevation)

Mass failure (potential for erosion, stability, seepage,

and seismic failure)

Changes in flood location, depth or duration

Flood modeling

Relative risk of levee failure

Hazards (potential failures)

Levee improvements (project and nonproject levees)

Levee design standards and guidelines

Seismicity (risk of levee failure during a seismic event)

Levee structural integrity

#### G. Water Quality

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Ecosystem Water Quality

Related Information to be Measured

Metals:

Cadmium

Copper

Mercury

Selenium

Zinc

Organics/Pesticides

Carbofuran

Chlordane

Chlorpyrifos

**DDT** 

Diazinon

Polychlorinated bipheyls (PCBs)

Toxaphene

Ammonia

Dissolved oxygen

Salinity (total dissolved solids [TDS],

electroconductivity [EC])

Temperature

Turbidity/Transparency

Urban Water Quality

Bromide

Nutrients

Pathogens

Salinity .

Total organic carbon (TOC)

Turbidity

Viruses

Agricultural Water Quality

Boron Chloride Nutrients pH

Salinity
Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR)

Turbidity Temperature

H. Geomorphology and Soils

Important Changes to be Evaluated

<u>Related Information to be Measured</u>

Surface soil erosion

Agricultural soil loss

Wind

Stormwater

Soil salinity

Soil geology Applied EC

Agricultural drainage

Subsidence caused by peat oxidation

Peat content

Soil moisture

Ground disturbance and tilling practices

Subsidence caused by groundwater withdrawals

Groundwater levels
Aquifer clay content

I. Air Quality

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Ozone

Construction activities Agricultural operations Pump operations

Carbon monoxide

Construction activities Agricultural operations Pump operations

Particulate matter

Construction activities Agricultural operations

Pump operations

Wind and soil conditions

#### J. Noise

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Short-term construction noise

Noise from aquatic recreation (i.e., boating)

Noise from terrestrial recreation (i.e., hunting)

Noise from facilities operation

#### K. Traffic and Navigation

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Navigation

Railways

Ferries

Airports

Roadways

#### II. BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT

#### A. Fisheries and Aquatic Ecosystem

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Habitat

#### Related Information to be Measured

Flow including instream flow, net channel flow, tidal flow, estuarine salinity

Temperature

Substrate

Physical Habitat

Water Quality including agricultural salinity, thermal pollution, Dissolved oxygen, nutrient availability, toxicants, transparency

Species interactions including predation, competition, disease, exotic plants

#### Foodweb support

Flow including instream flow, net channel flow, tidal flow, estuarine salinity

Reservoir Elevation Temperature Substrate Habitat Physical Habitat

Water quality including agricultural salinity, thermal pollution, dissolved oxygen, nutrient availability, toxicants, transparency

Species Interactions including predation, competition, disease, exotic plants.

Flow including instream flow, net channel flow, tidal flow, estuarine salinity

Reservoir Elevation Temperature Physical Habitat Barriers

Water Quality including agricultural salinity, thermal pollution, dissolved oxygen, nutrient availability, toxicants, transparency

Species Interactions including predation, competition, disease, exotic plants.

Flow including instream flow, net channel flow, tidal flow, estuarine salinity

Reservoir Elevation Temperature Barriers

Water Quality including agricultural salinity, thermal pollution, dissolved oxygen, nutrient availability, toxicants, transparency

Species Interactions including predation competition, disease, exotic plants.

Access

**Artificial Production** 

Water Temperature Condition

| 5                      | DI ' 1111'4.4                                                                  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Diversion              | Physical Habitat                                                               |
|                        | Diversions                                                                     |
|                        | Species Interactions including predation competition, disease, exotic plants.  |
| Water Surface Level    | Flow including instream flow, net channel flow, tidal flow, estuarine salinity |
|                        | Reservoir Elevation                                                            |
|                        | Substrate                                                                      |
|                        | Physical Habitat                                                               |
|                        | Species Interactions including predation competition, disease, exotic plants   |
| Toxicant Concentration | Flow including instream flow, net channel flow, tidal flow, estuarine salinity |
|                        |                                                                                |

Fishing

Predation

Water Quality including agricultural salinity, thermal pollution, dissolved oxygen, nutrient availability, toxicants, transparency

Species Interactions including predation competition, disease, exotic plants

Fishing including timing, location, method, and rate

Species Interactions including predation competition, disease, exotic plants

Physical Habitat
Barriers
Artificial Production

Reservoir Elevation

Species Interactions including predation competition, disease, exotic plants

#### B. Vegetation and Wildlife

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Area and condition of habitat

GIS based Z. Related Information to be Measured

Open water and tidal wetlands Saline, brackish and freshwater wetlands Riparian and riverine habitats Upland habitats

Area of agricultural land use providing habitat value

Agricultural operations and land use practices on habitat values

Connection and orientation of habitats

Changes in non indigenous/introduced species populations

Changes in ecological processes that sustain habitats

C. Special Status Species and Comunities

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Number of known populations of special-status species

Area and condition of habitat occupied by special-status species

# III. ECONOMICS AND SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT

#### A. Land Use

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Acres in agricultural use

Acres in open space and habitat use

Acres in developed use

Indian trust assets

**B.** Agricultural Economics

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Value of agricultural production Acres in production

Crop prices Crop choices Crop yield

Cost of surface water used Cost of production

> Groundwater costs Production costs

Acres in agricultural production

Related Information to be Measured

Agricultural net income Crop revenue

> Production costs Water transfers

Cost of water supply variability Certainty in water supply and cost

Indirect/third-party impacts

Costs of water agricultural water use efficiency

Irrigation efficiency and costs

C. Municipal and Industrial Water Supply **Economics** 

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Cost of water supply Surface-water supply and distribution

Groundwater pumping costs

Alternative water supplies and cost

Water transfer costs

Infrastructure costs for water conveyance and

Related Information to be Measured

distribution

Cost of water shortage Water supplies

Consumer willingness to pay and demand elasticity

Cost of treatment Quality of water supply

Constraints to treatment

Cost of urban water use efficiency

#### D. Flood Control Economics

#### Important Changes to be Evaluated

Potential flood damage and resources at risk

Existing and planned property values

Existing and planned utility and

infrastructure values

Distribution of values lost from levee failure

Natural resource values (including protected species)

Cost of repair and rehabilitation of facilities after

levee failure

Maintenance of Delta water quality

Values of resources at risk

Cost of flood damage protection

#### E. Fish, Wildlife, and Recreation Economics

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Recreation-related spending

Recreation use and opportunity

Distance traveled to recreation area

Recreation benefits

Value of recreation resource

Recreation use and opportunity

Commercial fishing harvest values

Income

Catch

Recreation employment and net income

#### F. Regional Economics

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Income

Agricultural income

Recreational expenditure

Commercial fishing income

Municipal and industrial water expenditure

Indirect income (i.e., third-party effects)

Employment

Agricultural

Recreation-related

Commercial fishing

Municipal and industrial water expenditure Indirect employment (i.e., third-party effects) Fiscal conditions

Property tax revenues
Sales tax revenues
Public costs/costs of actions
Indirect (i.e., third-party) fiscal effects

G. Power Production and Energy

Important Changes to be Evaluated

<u>Related Information to be Measured</u>

Quantity and value of energy produced

Reservoir elevation Reservoir releases Seasonal power value

Quantity and cost of energy consumed

Groundwater pumping Surface-water pumping Seasonal power costs

H. Recreation Resources

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Related Information to be Measured

Recreation opportunities

Resource conditions and availability

Recreation use

Regional population and demographics Demand for recreation resources

I. Visual Resources

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Visual quality

Viewer sensitivity

J. Cultural Resources

Important Changes to be Evaluated

Risk to prehistoric sites

Related Information to be Measured

Acreage of ground disturbance from

construction

Distribution of culturally sensitive land forms

Locations of known sites

Association of historic sites with land

conditions

Locations of known sites

Risk to historic sites